

Chapter 8.08

NUISANCES

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8.08.010 Declaration of nuisance.

The city council shall have the authority to declare, pursuant to SDCL 9-29-13, what shall constitute a nuisance, to prescribe procedures for the prevention, abatement, and removal of such nuisance and to prescribe a penalty for the existence of a nuisance that is not addressed by a separate ordinance. (Ord. 368 § 1, 2002: prior code § 3.0101)

8.08.020 Criteria.

A nuisance consists of unlawfully doing an act, or omitting to perform a duty within the city or in any public grounds or parks belonging to the city, which act or omission either:

A. Annoys, injures or endangers the comfort, repose, health or safety of others;

B. Offends decency;

C. Unlawfully interferes with, obstructs, or tends to obstruct, or renders

dangerous for passage, any lake or navigable river, bay, stream, canal or basin, or any public park, square, street, or highway;

D. In any way renders other persons insecure in life, or in the use of property. (Ord. 368 § 2, 2002: prior code § 3.0102)

8.08.030 Abatement and penalty for violation.

The city mayor, or whomever he or she may designate, shall give written notice to any person creating, permitting or maintaining any nuisance as defined in this chapter, to abate such nuisance forthwith. The notice shall be abated by the person or persons in control of the affected premises within ten (10) days after the mailing of the notice, except that in such cases where the mayor determines that the nuisance constitutes a health or safety hazard, the notice may require abatement of the nuisance to be immediate, or within such time as shall be deemed by the mayor to be reasonable and practical under the circumstances. If such person shall neglect or refuse to abate any such nuisance after the mailing of notice, and within the time stated in the notice, he or she may be charged with a violation of this chapter. Each day the person is in violation of this chapter shall be deemed a new violation. Upon conviction the person may be subject to a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for each of the violations. In addition to imposing penalties, the court may make abatement of the nuisance a condition of suspension of any of the imposed penalties. (Ord. 368 § 3, 2002:

prior code § 3.0103) 9Amended 2007)

8.08.040 Noxious vegetation.

A. Definitions. The following named weeds and plants shall be deemed noxious, dangerous and unhealthful vegetation and are declared to be nuisances: ragweed, parsley, pigweed, nettle, thistle, sunflower, goldenrod, tumbleweed, burdock, cocklebur, wild oats, dandelions, sticktight, milkweed, mustard greens, and any and all other weeds and plants the South Dakota Weed and Pest Control Commission and the South Dakota Department of Agriculture may publish on their list of state weeds.

B. Duty to Cut. It shall be the duty of the occupant, person in charge of, or owner of any lot in the city to keep such lot free from noxious vegetation or weeds and to cut such noxious vegetation at such time as may be necessary to prevent its growth.

C. Notice to Cut. The finance officer of the city may, at the beginning of or during the growing season, by public notice to each occupant, person in charge, or owner of any lot, require all weeds and noxious vegetation upon any lot to be cut and removed within five days after the giving of such notice. Such notice may be given personally, by registered mail or may be given generally by one publication in the official newspaper.

The notice shall provide that each occupant, person in charge or owner of any lot shall cut and keep cut at all times during the growing season, all weeds and noxious vegetation, and shall further provide that in the case of failure to so

cut such weeds and noxious vegetation, the city will cause the same to be cut and assess the cost thereof, including the cost of levying such special assessment, against the property benefited. One such notice shall be sufficient for each growing season.

The occupant, person in charge or owner of the property shall, within live days after the publication of the notice and at all times subsequent during the growing season as may be necessary, cut and keep cut all noxious vegetation.

D. Weeds May Be Cut by City. If the occupant, person in charge, or owner of any lot fails to cut weeds and noxious vegetation upon any such lot as required, the common council of the city shall cause such weeds and noxious vegetation to be cut during the growing season and shall have the right to have their agents or employees enter upon any such lot or parcel of land for this purpose.

E. Special Assessment for Weed Cutting. The finance officer shall cause an account to be kept against each lot of the cost for the cutting of weeds and noxious vegetation during the growing season of each year and the same shall be certified by the finance officer on or before the first day of December of each year.

The finance officer shall prepare an estimate of the assessment against each lot for the cutting of weeds and noxious vegetation for the proceeding growing season, including therein, the expense of levying such special assessment against each lot. Such estimate shall be submitted to the city council for its approval on or before the first day of

January of each year.

The finance officer shall cause to be published in the official newspaper, a notice as to the time and place when the council meets for the purpose of approving such estimate, such notice to be published once, not less than one week before such hearing. Upon the day so named, the council shall meet and if they find said estimate correct, they shall approve the same by resolution, or, if not correct, they shall correct and modify the same and approve the same as modified or corrected, and file such assessment roll with the finance officer.

From the date of the approval and filing of such assessment roll with the finance officer, the same shall be and become a special lien against the various pieces of property described in said assessment roll and shall be collected in like manner as special assessments for public improvements are now collected. (Ord. 366 §§ 1--5, 2002: prior code § 3.0104)

8.08.050 Dangerous trees.

A. Definitions. A "dangerous tree" is all trees, whether living or dead, which by reason of their condition or location may endanger public life or safety or the safety of property. Dangerous trees includes all trees whether living or dead if there is a danger that all or a substantial portion of such tree or trees might fall on any public alley, street or other public property or upon any private property.

B. Declaration of Public Nuisance. All dangerous trees are declared to be a nuisance which should be removed or abated. No person, firm or corporation

shall permit any public nuisance as set out above, to remain on the premises owned, controlled, or occupy within the city.

C. Abatement of Nuisances. If any citizen feels aggrieved by the existence of such a public nuisance, they may bring a private lawsuit to abate the same pursuant to the provisions of SDCL 21-10. If the city council determines that the existence of the public nuisance be a threat to the city as a whole and the city may direct the said nuisance to be abated pursuant to the provisions of SDCL 21-10.

D. Multiple Owners, If such tree is growing upon the property of two different owners and/or two different occupants, then any abatement proceeding must be directed towards both property owners. If the trunk of the tree enters the ground on the property of one and owner, then he shall be considered to be the owner of that tree, regardless of whether the branches and/or roots of the tree protrude onto the property of another. (Prior code § 3.0106)

8.08.060 Keeping of garbage and junk in city.

A. Definitions.

"Garbage" means every accumulation of animal, vegetable or other matter that attends the preparation, consumption, dealing in or storage of meats, fish, fowl, fruits, or vegetables including the containers or wrappers wasted along with such materials.

"Refuse" means any waste product composed wholly or partly of such materials as garbage, rubbish, trash,

litter, cans, tires, junk or other materials that may become a nuisance.

"Rubbish" means wood, leaves, trimmings from shrubs, dead trees or branches, printed matter, paperboard, pasteboard, grass, straw and all other combustible material not included under the term garbage.

"Waste material" means all noncombustible inorganic material such as ashes, glass, sand, earth, concrete, mortar, metals, abandoned mobile homes, etc. Mobile homes shall be deemed abandoned under this Title if they do not comply with current building code or other applicable City ordinances and remain unoccupied for 90 days or more.

B. No person or persons in control of private property shall permit any house, barn, cellar, vault, drain, cesspool, privy or sewer upon the premises to become offensive or injurious to the public health.

C. The owner or person in control of private property shall at all times maintain the premises free of garbage, rubbish, refuse, waste material and other junk.

D. No person shall throw or deposit garbage, rubbish, refuse, waste material or any other junk on any private property, occupied or vacant, whether owned by that person or not.

E. The owner or person in charge of any private property shall cause any and all garbage, rubbish, refuse and waste materials to be collected and removed from the property within ten (10) days after written notice has been sent to them by first class mail by the chief of police of North Sioux City.

F. This section does not prohibit the use of approved trash receptacles, provided they are emptied at least every seven days.

G. Failure to cause the cleanup required in subsection E of this section within ten (10) days shall be a violation of this section punishable by a fine of up to Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) beginning on the eleventh day. Each successive day of failure to comply shall constitute a separate violation subject to a fine of up to Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).

H. Abatement by City.

1. If the owner or person in control of the property shall fail to cause the clean up required in subsection E of this section, the city shall have the right to enter upon such property for the purpose of removing the garbage, rubbish, refuse, waste material or abandoned mobile homes.

2. The finance officer shall cause an account to be kept against each lot of the costs of clean-up during each year for the purposes of a special assessment against such property.

3. The finance officer shall prepare an estimate of the assessment against each lot for the clean-up for the preceding year, including therein the expense of levying such special assessment against each lot. Such estimate shall be submitted to the council for its approval on or before the first day of January each year.

4. The finance officer shall cause to be published in the official newspaper a notice of the time and place when the council will meet for the purpose of approving such estimate, such notice to

be published not less than one week before such hearing. Upon the day so named, the council shall meet and if it finds the estimate correct it shall approve the same; if not correct, it shall correct or modify the same and approve the same as modified or corrected and file such assessment rule with the finance officer.

5. From the date of the approval and filing of such assessment roll with the, finance officer, the same shall become a special lien against the various pieces of property described and the assessment shall be collected in a like manner as special assessments for public improvements are now collected. (Ord. 369 §§ 1--8, 2002: prior code § 3.0109) (Amended December 2003) (Amended 2007)

8.08.070 Junk yards and salvage businesses.

A. It is declared to be unlawful for any person, person, firms, partnership or corporation to maintain or cause or permit to be maintained, on any premises within the corporate limits of the city, any junk yard, junk shop, automobile wrecking shop or yard, or any form of salvage business or establishment or yard wherein, or whereupon, a practice is made and the business maintained of collecting, buying or accepting for storage or resale, wrecked automobiles and other forms of used and scrap metal.

B. Any person, persons, firm, partnership or corporation who maintains, or causes or permits the maintaining of any such business or establishment herein prohibited within

such city limits, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be fined a maximum of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00).

C. Each day any violation of this ordinance continues shall be deemed a separate offense. (Ord. 384 §§ 1--3, 2002: prior code § 5.0801)

8.08.080 Junk on private property.

No person shall use, establish or maintain any building place, or lot where junk, junked automobiles or farm machinery or parts thereof, of other worn-out machinery of any kind are bought, sold or stored, without special permission having been granted by the Council.

All automotive vehicles or trailers of any kind or type shall not be parked or stored within the city limits of the City of North Sioux City, other than in a completely enclosed building, unless said vehicles contain a current license plate and are operable and meet the safety equipment guidelines established by the State of South Dakota.

Any violation of this section shall be punishable by a maximum fine of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for each day that the property is so used or the vehicle remains.

In addition to the fine of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) the City of North Sioux City will have the right to remove any vehicles which are in violation of this section if the owner of the vehicle or the owner of the property wherein said vehicle is located, does not remove said vehicle within ten (10) calendar days after notice to do so. If

the owner of the vehicle, or alternatively the owner of the lot wherein said vehicle is located, does not claim the vehicle within thirty (30) days from the date it is impounded, the City shall have the right to dispose of said vehicle at its discretion. (Ord. 370, 2002: prior code § 5.0802) (Amended 2003) (Amended 2007)